

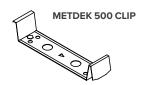
METDEK 500 - LOADSPAN TABLES

Minimum Pitch: 3 degrees.

Applications: Commercial and residential.

Orientation: Roofs and horizontal and vertical wall cladding





WEIGHT

FINISH	BMT (mm)	WEIGHT kg/m²
COLORSTEEL® MAXAM®	0.55	6.80
ZINCALUME®	0.55	6.62

FASTENERS

EMBEDMENT INTO TIMBER:

Minimum embedment into timber structure to be a minimum of 35mm as per E2/ AS1, suitable for all wind zones upto Extra High as per NZS 3604:2011.

CONSIDERATION FOR SED PROJECTS:

For Specific Engineered Projects the project engineer must satisfy themselves that the screw axial withdrawal force is sufficient to resist the project design load and must consider additional specific design requirements of both the structure (size and fixings) and also fixing (size, length and embedment, axial withdrawal force).

EMBEDMENT INTO STEEL:

Minimum steel embedment should be 5 - 6mm beyond the drill point with a minimum of 3 threads beyond the drill point.

APPLICATION		STRUCTURE	SCREW TYPE Countersunk Heads	
CLIP FIXING ROOFING AND CLADDING	DIRECT FIXED	TIMBER	10x45 FHCBSSQ2OR 45mm LONG*	
		STEEL	ST10-16x30 CL4WA5Q2 30mm LONG	
	20MM CAVITY	TIMBER	10x3CL4RCBSSQ2 75mm LONG*	
		STEEL	ST10-16x45CL4SQDWS 45mm LONG	

^{*}Screw length might vary for SED projects, requires project engineer to sign off.

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS - GENERAL

METAL ROOFING AND CLADDING TESTING

Testing of Metdek 500 is carried out in accordance with NZMRM Code of Practice - Testing and NZMRM Standards.

FIXINGS TO EVERY SECOND PURLIN:

Extract NZMRM code of practice:

Fastening to every second purlin may be within the roof's load/ span range,but will double the load acting on the fastened purlins. All purlins must be fastened to, unless alternate purlins are specifically designed to take the additional loads. Please refer to NZMRM Code of Practice.

CANTILVER /OVERHANG:

Metdek 500 overhang/cantilver, based on point load should not exceed 150mm.

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS - WIND ZONES NZS3604:2011

Metdek 500 is suitable in all wind zones, up to Extra High as defined in Table 5.4 NZS3604:2011, the kPa loads for Low, Medium, High, Very High and Extra High have been derived from applying:

SERVICIBILITY LIMIT STATE (SLS)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Pressure Co-efficients:} & \mbox{cpe-cpi} = 1.1 \\ \mbox{Local Pressure Factor:} & \mbox{kl} = 1.5 \\ \mbox{Serviceability Load Factor:} & 0.7 \\ \end{array}$

ULTIMATE LIMIT STATE (ULS)

Pressure Co-efficients: cpe-cpi = 1.1 Local Pressure Factor: kl = 1.5 Ultimate Load Factor: 1.0

IMPORTANT:

If the parameters in the table to the left change then the span recommendations in the following tables will no longer apply and the project engineer must reference the Specific Engineered Design (SED) Loadspan Tables and relevant quidance notes.

WIND ZONES AS PER NZ3604:2011	WIND SPEED	SLS	ULS
LOW	32 m/s	0.60	0.98
MEDIUM	37 m/s	0.93	1.32
HIGH	44 m/s	1.32	1.88
VERY HIGH	50 m/s	1.72	2.44
EXTRA HIGH	55 m/s	2.09	2.96



MAXIMUM SPANS

ROOFING AND WALL CLADDING - CLIP FIXED



POINT LOAD LIMIT:

Point load testing in accordance with AS 4040.1 and the NZMRM COP. 1.3kN in pan (serviceability load) and 2.41kN (strength load).

0.55 BMT G550 STEEL: RESTRICTED ACCESS:

2400mm max.

Type B are roofs:

that are simple in design and do not have to be regularly traversed by the installer;

which are infrequently accessed by qualified trades people for maintenance; or

with a pitch of more than 35°.

For Type B, roofs the cladding must resist the load of 1.1 kN applied to the pan or over

two ribs and a 2 kPa load applied to the weakest point.

NON-TRAFFICABLE WHEN SPANS EXCEED

2400mm max.

Type C – Non-Trafficable Type C are roofs:

where supports are required to be laid to support roof traffic, or traffic should take place within 300 mm of purlin lines, which have a pitch of 60° or greater; and including non-trafficable translucent roof sheeting.

For Type C roofs, the cladding must resist the minimum load of 0.5 kN applied to the pan or over two ribs.

MAXIMUM SPANS NZS 3604:2011

Table to be read in conjunction with design considerations, fastener information and design assumptions on page 1. Table has been discounted by a variability factor of 1.30.

METDEK 500 - 0.55MM BMT G550 STEEL (ULS) ULS Design Wind Pressure ((kPa)				
MATERIAL GRADE	WIND ZONES	TYPE A UN-RESTRICTED ACCESS MAXIMUM SPANS (mm)	TYPE B RESTRICTED ACCESS (mm)	NON TRAFFICABLE MAXIMUM SPANS (WIND LOAD ONLY) (mm)
	AS PER NZS 3604:2011	ROOFING ONLY	ROOFING ONLY	ROOFING & WALL CLADDING
		BRACKET FIXED INTERMEDIATE/ END SPAN	BRACKET FIXED INTERMEDIATE/ END SPAN	BRACKET FIXED INTERMEDIATE/ END SPAN
	LOW (0.98 kPa)		2400/1500	3000/1980
0.55BMT G550 STEEL	MEDIUM (1.32 kPa)			
	HIGH (1.88 kPa)	NOT SUITABLE	2400 / 1500	2700 / 1782
	VERY HIGH (2.44 kPa)		1650 / 1089	1650 / 1089
	EXTRA HIGH (2.96 kPa)		1100 / 726	1100 / 726

SED MAXIMUM SPANS IN ACCORDANCE WITH AS/NZS1170.

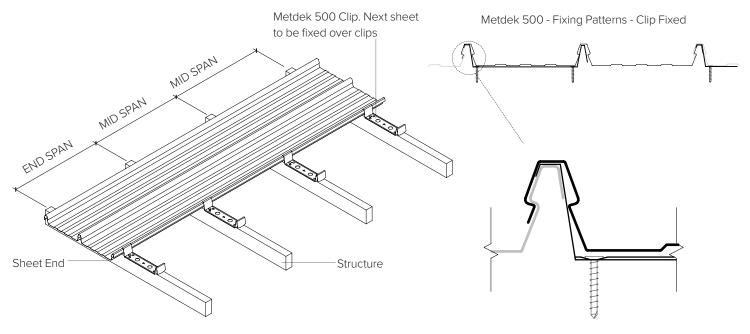
Table to be read in conjunction with design considerations and fastener information on page 1. Table has been discounted by a variability factor of 1.30. End spans to be a maximum of 2/3 of intermediate spans.

METDEK 500 - 0.55MM BMT G550 STEEL (ULS) ULS Design Wind Pressure ((kPa)				
	INTERMEDIATE MAXIMUM SPANS (mm) ULS Design Wind Pressure ((kPa)			
INTERMIDATE SPAN (mm)	450	900	1800	3000
ULS (kPa)	5.39	3.15	2.33	1.74



FASTENER LAYOUT - ROOFING AND WALL CLADDING

METDEK 500 - 3D ROOFING FIXING PATTERNS - CLIP FIXED



Metdek 500 - Lap Joint - Clip Fixed

METDEK 500 - 3D WALL FIXING PATTERNS - CLIP FIXED

